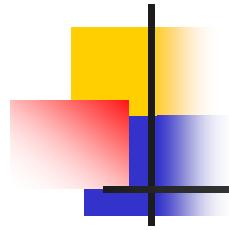


3.5 & 3.6 Summary

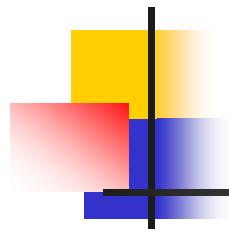
Alexandre David





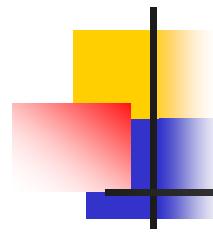
3.5.2 Unary/Binary

- Extract concept: Number of operands may vary.
 - 0 → implicit
 - 1 → one argument
 - 2...
- Type may vary
 - immediate
 - register
 - memory



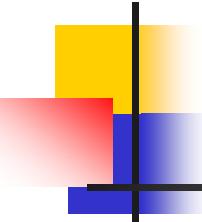
3.5.3 Shifts

- Difference between arithmetic & logical shift:
how to handle the sign bit.
 - See java `>>>` and `>>`
 - In C, depends on the integer type.
 - PP3.8



3.5.4 Discussion

- Misuse of LEA by compiler for efficiency.



3.6.5 Loops

- Remember the general **pattern**.
- How to transform high level construct into elementary instructions = what processors know and execute.
 - Processors have no notion of if-then-else or while-loop, for-loop, etc.

“Do-While” Loop Example

C Code

```
int pcount_do(unsigned x)
{
    int result = 0;
    do {
        result += x & 0x1;
        x >>= 1;
    } while (x);
    return result;
}
```

Goto Version

```
int pcount_do(unsigned x)
{
    int result = 0;
loop:
    result += x & 0x1;
    x >>= 1;
    if (x)
        goto loop;
    return result;
}
```

- Count number of 1's in argument x (“popcount”)
- Use conditional branch to either continue looping or to exit loop

“Do-While” Loop Compilation

Goto Version

```
int pcount_do(unsigned x) {  
    int result = 0;  
loop:  
    result += x & 0x1;  
    x >>= 1;  
    if (x)  
        goto loop;  
    return result;  
}
```

■ Registers:	
%edx	x
%ecx	result

```
        movl $0, %ecx      # result = 0  
.L2:  
        movl %edx, %eax  
        andl $1, %eax      # t = x & 1  
        addl %eax, %ecx      # result += t  
        shr1 %edx          # x >>= 1  
        jne .L2             # If != 0, goto loop
```

General “Do-While” Translation

C Code

```
do  
  Body  
  while ( Test );
```

Goto Version

```
loop:  
  Body  
  if ( Test )  
    goto loop
```

- **Body:** {
 - Statement₁;
 - Statement₂;
 - ...
 - Statement_n;}

- **Test returns integer**
 - = 0 interpreted as false
 - ≠ 0 interpreted as true

“While” Loop Example

C Code

```
int pcount_while(unsigned x) {  
    int result = 0;  
    while (x) {  
        result += x & 0x1;  
        x >>= 1;  
    }  
    return result;  
}
```

Goto Version

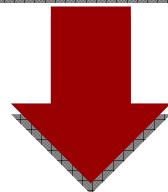
```
int pcount_do(unsigned x) {  
    int result = 0;  
    if (!x) goto done;  
loop:  
    result += x & 0x1;  
    x >>= 1;  
    if (x)  
        goto loop;  
done:  
    return result;  
}
```

- Is this code equivalent to the do-while version?

General “While” Translation

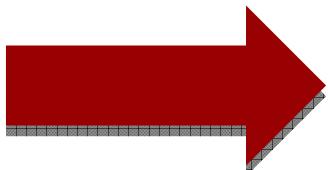
While version

```
while ( Test)  
  Body
```



Do-While Version

```
if ( ! Test)  
  goto done;  
do  
  Body  
  while( Test);  
done:
```



Pattern

Goto Version

```
if ( ! Test)  
  goto done;  
loop:  
  Body  
  if ( Test)  
    goto loop;  
done:
```

“For” Loop Example

C Code

```
#define WSIZE 8*sizeof(int)
int pcount_for(unsigned x) {
    int i;
    int result = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < WSIZE; i++) {
        unsigned mask = 1 << i;
        result += (x & mask) != 0;
    }
    return result;
}
```

- Is this code equivalent to other versions?

“For” Loop Form

General Form

```
for (Init; Test; Update)  
    Body
```

```
for (i = 0; i < wsize; i++) {  
    unsigned mask = 1 << i;  
    result += (x & mask) != 0;  
}
```

Init

```
i = 0
```

Test

```
i < wsize
```

Update

```
i++
```

Body

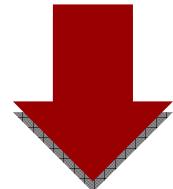
```
{  
    unsigned mask = 1 << i;  
    result += (x & mask) != 0;  
}
```

“For” Loop → While Loop

For Version

```
for ( Init; Test; Update )
```

Body



While Version

```
Init;
```

```
while ( Test ) {
```

Body

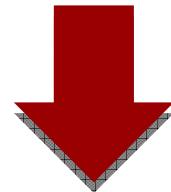
Update;

```
}
```

“For” Loop → ... → Goto

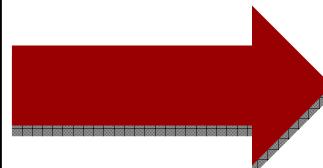
For Version

```
for (Init; Test; Update)  
    Body
```

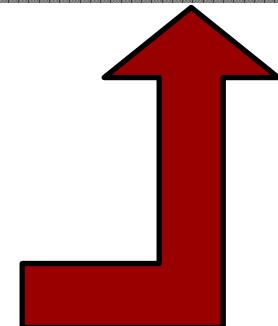


While Version

```
Init;  
while (Test) {  
    Body  
    Update;  
}
```



```
Init;  
if (!Test)  
    goto done;  
loop:  
    Body  
    Update  
    if (Test)  
        goto loop;  
done:
```



```
Init;  
if (!Test)  
    goto done;  
do  
    Body  
    Update  
    while (Test);  
done:
```

“For” Loop Conversion Example

C Code

```
#define WSIZE 8*sizeof(int)
int pcount_for(unsigned x) {
    int i;
    int result = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < WSIZE; i++) {
        unsigned mask = 1 << i;
        result += (x & mask) != 0;
    }
    return result;
}
```

Goto Version

```
int pcount_for_gt(unsigned x) {
    int i;
    int result = 0; Init
i = 0;
if (!(i < WSIZE)) !Test
    goto done;
loop:
{
    unsigned mask = 1 << i;
    result += (x & mask) != 0;
}
i++; Update
if (i < WSIZE) Test
    goto loop;
done:
    return result;
}
```

- Initial test can be optimized away